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update="http://si.info.apple.com/updates/MacintoshGuide_s...

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

PRACTICE EXAMINATION

```
// end month (zero-based)
// end day of week in month
// end day of week (one-based, 1 = 1)
// end time*
// * in units of 0.1 hours, so 35 = 3.5 hours.
// Some time zones do not observe Daylight Savings Time. For those,
// the last 8 elements are zero.
// Example:
// [-80, "PST", 3, 1, 1, 20, 9, -1, 1, 20]
```

```
MCLK_Color=10
MCLK_Gray=22
ITA_Color=9
ITA_Gray=9
```

```
["America/Los_Angeles", "Pacific Standard Time", "PST",
 "Pacific Daylight Time", "PDT", "San Francisco" ],
["America/Denver", "Mountain Standard Time", "MST",
 "Mountain Daylight Time", "MDT", "Denver" ],
["America/Phoenix", "Mountain Standard Time", "MST",
 "Mountain Standard Time", "MST", "Phoenix" ],
["America/Chicago", "Central Standard Time", "CST",
 "Central Daylight Time", "CDT", "Chicago" ],
["America/New_York", "Eastern Standard Time", "EST",
 "Eastern Daylight Time", "EDT", "New York" ],
["America/Indianapolis", "Eastern Standard Time", "EST",
 "Eastern Standard Time", "EST", "Indianapolis" ],
["Pacific/Honolulu", "Hawaii Standard Time", "HST",
 "Hawaii Standard Time", "HST", "Honolulu" ],
["America/Anchorage", "Alaska Standard Time", "AKST",
```

PREPARE WITH CONFIDENCE

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QUESTION 1

During a recovery procedure, one important step is to maintain records of important events that happen during the procedure. What other step is just as important?

- A. Schedule another test to address issues that took place during that procedure
- B. Make sure someone is prepared to talk to the media with the appropriate responses
- C. Report the events to management and the appropriate agencies
- D. Identify essential business functions

Answer: C

Explanation/Reference:

When recovery procedures are carried out, the outcome of those procedures should be reported to the individuals who are responsible for this type of activity. This is usually some level of management. If the procedures worked properly, they should know this, and if problems were encountered, they should definitely be made aware of this. They are the ones responsible for fixing the recovery system and will be the ones to delegate this work and provide the necessary funding and resources.

QUESTION 2

The purpose of initiating emergency actions right after a disaster takes place is to prevent loss of life, attend to injuries, and _____.

- A. Secure the area to ensure that no looting or fraud takes place
- B. Mitigate further damage
- C. Protect evidence and clues
- D. Investigate the extent of the damages

Answer: B

Explanation/Reference:

The main goal of disaster recovery and business continuity plans is to mitigate all risks that could be experienced by a company. Emergency procedures need to be carried out first to protect human life. Then other procedures need to be executed to reduce the damage from further threats.

QUESTION 3

Which of the following is the best way to ensure that a company's backup tapes can be

used at a warm site?

- A. Retrieve the tapes from the off-site facility and verify that the equipment at the original site can read them
- B. Test them on the vendor's machine, which won't be used during an emergency
- C. Inventory each tape kept at the vendor's site twice a month
- D. Test them on the equipment maintained within the hot site

Answer: A

Explanation/Reference:

A warm site is a facility that will not be fully equipped with the company's main systems. The idea of using a warm site is that if a disaster takes place, the company would bring their systems with them. If they cannot bring the systems with them because they are damaged, the company must purchase new systems that are exactly like their original systems. So to properly test backups, the company needs to test them by recovering the data on their original systems at their main site.

QUESTION 4

Out of the following steps in the development of a disaster recovery plan, which is the second step?

- A. Develop an information system contingency plan
- B. Create contingency strategies
- C. Conduct the business impact analysis (BIA)
- D. Ensure plan testing, training, and exercises

Answer: C

Explanation/Reference:

The seven progressive steps are designed to be integrated into each stage of the system development life cycle.

. Develop the contingency planning policy statement. A formal policy provides the authority and guidance necessary to develop an effective contingency plan.

. Conduct the business impact analysis (BIA). The BIA helps identify and prioritize information systems and components critical to supporting the organization's mission/business functions. A template for developing the BIA is provided to assist the user.

. Identify preventive controls. Measures taken to reduce the effects of system disruptions

can increase system availability and reduce contingency life cycle costs.

- . Create contingency strategies. Thorough recovery strategies ensure that the system may be recovered quickly and effectively following a disruption.

- . Develop an information system contingency plan. The contingency plan should contain detailed guidance and procedures for restoring a damaged system unique to the system's security impact level and recovery requirements.

- . Ensure plan testing, training, and exercises. Testing validates recovery capabilities, whereas training prepares recovery personnel for plan activation and exercising the plan identifies planning gaps; combined, the activities improve plan effectiveness and overall organization preparedness.

- . Ensure plan maintenance. The plan should be a living document that is updated regularly.

QUESTION 5

The BCP Coordinator, working with management, should determine which of the following?

A. The optimum point to discover the information system while balancing the cost of system inoperability against the cost of resources required for restoring the system and its overall support for critical mission/business functions.

B. The optimum point to recover the information system while balancing the cost of system inoperability against the cost of resources required for restoring the system and its overall support for critical mission/business functions.

C. The optimum point to recover the information system while balancing the cost of system inoperability against the value of resources required for restoring the system and its overall support for critical mission/business functions.

D. The optimum point to recover the information system while balancing the cost of system inoperability against the cost of resources required for restoring the system and its overall support for critical mission/business costs.

Answer: B

Explanation/Reference:

The BCP Coordinator, working with management, should determine the optimum point to recover the information system by addressing the factors mentioned above while balancing the cost of system inoperability against the cost of resources required for restoring the system and its overall support for critical mission/business functions.

QUESTION 6

Which of the following statements is not true?

- A. The longer a disruption is allowed to continue, the more costly it can become to the organization and its operations.
- B. The shorter the RTO, the more expensive the recovery solutions cost to implement.
- C. The less amount of time a disruption is allowed to continue, the more costly it can become to the organization and its operations.
- D. Calculating the cost balance points will show an optimal point between disruption and recovery costs.

Answer: C

Explanation/Reference:

The longer a disruption is allowed to continue, the more costly it can become to the organization and its operations. The shorter the RTO, the more expensive the recovery solutions cost to implement. Calculating the cost balance points will show an optimal point between disruption and recovery costs.

